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## Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2017

### Transportation Engineering – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: 1. Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.**  
**2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.**

#### PART – A

1. a. Mention the different gauges that are used in Indian railways. Discuss the factors affecting adoption of a particular gauge. (06 Marks)  
 b. With neat sketches, explain coning of wheels and tilting of rails. (06 Marks)  
 c. What is meant by wear of rails? How do you classify the wear? Discuss the various causes of wear. (08 Marks)
2. a. List the different fixtures used in railway track and give the dimensional sketch of fish plate. (06 Marks)  
 b. Determine the quantity of materials required to construct a 800 m long BG railway track, assuming a sleeper density of  $(n + 5)$ . (06 Marks)  
 c. Calculate the maximum permissible train load that a B.G. locomotive can haul with 3 pairs of driving wheels with axle load of 22 kN each on a straight level track at a speed of 80 kmph. Calculate the reduction in speed, if the train has to run on a rising gradient of 1 in 200. What would be the further reduction in speed if the train has to negotiate a  $4^\circ$  curve on the rising gradient? Assume coefficient of friction as 0.2. (08 Marks)
3. a. Define: i) Super elevation ii) Negative cant  
 iii) Cant deficiency iv) Grade compensation on curves (06 Marks)  
 b. An  $8^\circ$  curve branches off from  $4^\circ$  main curve in B.G. layout. If the speed on branch line is 28 kmph, find the speed on main line. Cant deficiency is 7.61 cm. (06 Marks)  
 c. Calculate the maximum permissible speed on a curve of highspeed B.G. track having the following particulars:  
 Degree of curve =  $1^\circ$   
 Amount of super elevation = 8 cm  
 Length of transition curve = 130 m  
 Max. speed of the section likely to be sanctioned = 153 kmph. (08 Marks)
4. a. Calculate the elements of a BG turnout, if heel divergence is 11.43 cm. Number of crossing is 16 and angle of switch is  $1^\circ 8' 0''$ . Straight arm distance = 0.9 m. (06 Marks)  
 b. With a neat sketch show the details of acute angle crossing. Indicate: i) actual, ii) theoretical rose of crossing. (06 Marks)  
 c. What is signaling? What are the objectives of signaling? List the types of signals. (08 Marks)

#### PART – B

5. a. Write a note on aircraft characteristics. (08 Marks)  
 b. Define wind rose diagram. With a neat sketch, explain the method of locating the best orientation of runway. (06 Marks)  
 c. Write a note on airport classification. (06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg.  $42+8=50$ , will be treated as malpractice.

- 6** a. A taxiway is to be designed for operating a Boeing aircraft, which has the following characteristics. Determine the turning radius of the taxiway.  
Wheel base  $W = 17.70$  m  
Tread of main gear = 6.62 m  
Width of taxiway,  $T = 22.5$  m  
Turn-off speed = 40 kmph  
Coefficient of friction = 0.3 **(06 Marks)**
- b. Explain the various types of airport markings. **(06 Marks)**
- c. An airport is planned at an elevation of 380 m above MSL. The monthly mean of maximum and average daily temperatures for the hottest month at the site are  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $28^{\circ}\text{C}$  respectively. The effective gradient is 0.18 percent. Determine the length of runway required at the proposed site if the basic runway length is 1900 m. **(08 Marks)**
- 7** a. Write short notes on:  
i) Tunnel lining  
ii) Tunnel drainage **(08 Marks)**
- b. Explain various shapes of tunnel with neat sketches. **(06 Marks)**
- c. With a neat sketch, explain the needle beam method of tunneling in soft soils. **(06 Marks)**
- 8** a. Explain the functions of :  
i) Wharfs and quays  
ii) Wet and dry docks **(08 Marks)**
- b. Draw a neat sketch of artificial harbor, explain the various components. **(06 Marks)**
- c. Define breakwater. Explain any one type of breakwater. **(06 Marks)**

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